



Assignment 5, Selected Topics in Combinatorial Optimization, Summer term 2014

Tobias Mömke

<http://www-cc.cs.uni-saarland.de/course/44/>

Due: 21 May 2014

Exercise 5.1 (10 Points) Given a graph $G = (V, E)$ and $b : V \rightarrow \mathbb{N}$. Show that

- (i) $x_e \geq 0$ for $e \in E$
- (ii) $x(\delta(v)) = b(v)$ for $v \in V$
- (iii) $x(\delta(U)) \geq 1$ for $U \subseteq V, b(U)$ odd

determines the perfect b -matching polytope.

Exercise 5.2 (10 Points) Given a graph $G = (V, E)$, an edge cover of G is a set $F \subseteq E$ of edges such that each vertex $v \in V$ has at least one incident edge from F , i. e., $\delta(v) \cap F \geq 1$.

The edge cover polytope for G is determined by

$$\begin{aligned} 0 \leq x_e \leq 1 & \quad \text{for } e \in E \\ x(E[U] \cup \delta(U)) \geq \lceil \frac{1}{2}|U| \rceil & \quad \text{for } U \subseteq V, |U| \text{ odd.} \end{aligned}$$

A b -edge cover is similar to an edge cover, but $\delta(v) \cap F \geq b(v)$ where $b : V \rightarrow \mathbb{N}$ is part of the input. Show that

- (i) $x_e \geq 0$ for $e \in E$
- (ii) $x(\delta(v)) \geq b(v)$ for $v \in V$
- (iii) $x(E[U] \cup \delta(U)) \geq \lceil \frac{1}{2}b(U) \rceil$ for $U \subseteq V$

determines the b -edge cover polyhedron.